What is ventilation? respiration?
Ventilation is the process of moving air in and out of the lungs. Respiration is the process during which the exchange of oxygen (O₂) and carbon dioxide (CO₂) occurs in the alveoli of the lungs. The alveoli are small air sacs at the end of the bronchial tree in the lungs, and it is through the walls of these air sacs that O₂ diffuses into the blood and CO₂ diffuses out of the blood. Ventilation is a constant process of maintaining the proper balance between the two.

What is a ventilator?
A ventilator, also known as a respirator, is the equipment used to mechanically assist breathing by delivering air to the lungs. Many people may be familiar with ventilators in the hospital setting, such as the ICU, where large complex acute care ventilators are used. The ventilators used in the home are small, lightweight and portable; they can be mounted on wheelchairs or carts or put on a bedside stand. Most of these operate on household electric current – some have internal batteries – and can be operated with external batteries. It is advisable to have a backup battery or even a generator readily available in case of power outages or emergencies.

How does mechanical ventilation work?
The diaphragm is the primary muscle for inspiration, along with the intercostal muscles between the ribs. Other muscles of the chest, neck and shoulders play smaller roles. When these breathing muscles are weakened or paralyzed, breathing becomes difficult or impossible. A mechanical ventilator can take over the act of breathing completely or make breathing easier by assisting weakened respiratory muscles.

The muscles of the abdomen are important for breathing out and for an effective cough. Weak expiratory muscles result in impaired cough and inability to clear secretions that can lead to respiratory infections and pneumonias. In certain neuromuscular diseases, the bulbar muscles – those responsible for swallowing, speech and coughing – can become progressively impaired. Cough can be assisted with the use of manual and/or mechanical methods (CoughAssist™, J.H. Emerson Co., www.coughassist.com).

How did mechanical ventilation develop?
The iron lung or “tank” was the first effective form of mechanical ventilation, and one of the earliest iron lungs, often used to resuscitate drowning victims, dates from 1838. A century later, in the 1930s, improvements in the iron lung made widespread use of mechanical ventilation possible, particularly during the polio epidemics. Iron lungs are an example of negative pressure ventilators. Other forms of negative pressure ventilation include the chest shell or cuirass, Nu-Mo suit and Pulmo-wrap.

Positive pressure ventilators developed as a more effective breathing option to the larger, bulkier negative pressure devices. Since the 1980s, computer technology has enabled manufacturers to produce even smaller, lightweight ventilators that are easier to transport and operate, and are better suited for people living at home.

What is negative pressure ventilation?
When the pressure around the chest is negative – lower than atmospheric pressure – the chest expands to allow air to enter the nose and mouth. Iron lungs enclose the whole body, except for the head, and create pressure changes between the chest and the encasing shell of the unit.

Other forms of negative pressure ventilation, also known as body ventilators, include the chest shell or cuirass, Nu-Mo suit and Pulmo-wrap. The Porta-Lung™ is a small and more mobile version of the iron lung. Today, some people still use an iron lung, chest shell or Porta-Lung™. In Italy, Officine Coppa, S.r.l., manufactures an iron lung.

All negative pressure ventilation systems provide mechanical ventilation (MV) noninvasively to the body – no surgical operation, such as a tracheotomy, is necessary. The following equipment specifications are for negative pressure ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.
What is negative pressure ventilation? (continued)

KEY:
- = available only in USA
- = available only outside USA
- = available worldwide

Italian Iron Lung, Model CA 1001
Officine Coppa S.r.l., www.coppabiella.it

NEV®-100
Respironics, Inc., www.respironics.com
Rate: 4-60 BPM
Negative pressure: 5 to -100 ± 2 cm H2O or 5%, whichever is greater
Base pressure: -30 to +30 ± 2 cm H2O or 5%, whichever is greater
No internal battery
No external battery
Dimensions: 21” x 12” x 12”
Weight: 31 lbs
Alarms: Low pressure

Pegaso Negavent DA3-Plus
Dima Italia S.r.l., www.dimaitalia.cm

Also used as percussor and cough assistant
Rate: 1-50 CPM
Negative pressure: 0-70 cm H2O
Base pressure:
AC voltage: 110-230 VAC, 50-60 Hz
External battery: 12 VDC
Dimensions: 33 cm W x 24 cm D x 27 cm H
Weight: 4.5 kg
Alarms: Low/high pressure, high air temperature, mechanical failure, power failure

Porta-Lung™
Porta-Lung, Inc., www.porta-lung.com

Breathing rate: 4-60 BPM
Pressure: -60 to +20 cm H2O
Sizes: X-small, small, medium and large
AC voltage: 120 VAC
External battery: 12 VDC
Weight: 72 lbs-138 lbs
Alarms: Low pressure

Consumer comments. “I use the NEV®-100 to power a chest shell and the Porta-Lung™. The NEV®-100 is moderately loud. Caregivers must learn to adjust settings by using a computer-style menu. I think its breath delivery is smoother than the Monaghan 170C, but then I’m used to it. It accommodates well to leaks, giving the target pressure without need to adjust pressure settings. Two major drawbacks are that there is no way to run it off a battery so it can’t be used during power outages, and I can’t use it in the car.”
–CP, Massachusetts

What is a pneumobelt?

The pneumobelt, also known as an exsufflation belt, consists of an air bag or bladder inside a cloth corset that is worn around the abdomen and lower chest. The pneumobelt is connected by tubing to a positive pressure ventilator that alternatively inflates and deflates the bladder.

As the belt inflates, the abdominal contents are compressed and the abdomen rises, forcing air out of the lungs. When the belt deflates, the diaphragm is lowered and inhalation occurs passively. Because the pneumobelt works with gravity, it is most effective in the sitting and standing positions and cannot be used at night in the supine position. The pneumobelt is powered by a volume ventilator such as the PLV®-100 or LTV Series.

Exsufflation belt
Respironics, Inc., www.respironics.com

Consumer comments. “The pneumobelt is not noisy at all; there is just a whooshing sound as it exhales. However, the ventilator used to power the pneumobelt can be noisy. I use the turbine-driven LTV®950 (Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.) which has a high-pitched whistle and a loud inhaling sound. It can be annoying to some people.

“Care is easy. Circuits are disposable, and I change them about once a month, more often during flu season. The belt requires no cleaning. The only ‘maintenance’ is to be careful to change settings to lower volumes when transitioning from using mouth intermittent positive pressure (which I also use) to the pneumobelt. It is possible to over-inflate the belt and blow a hole in it. The rubber bladder can be replaced, but it’s costly.

“The pneumobelt is not very comfortable. The settings can be set to provide a smooth, natural inhale and exhale so that it is not jerky but provides a natural breathing rate for speaking. Because one is breathing normal air through the mouth and nose, a humidifier is not needed with the pneumobelt.
**What is a pneumobelt? (continued)**

“A commercial version of the pneumobelt is available from Respironics, Inc., but custom belts can be made by a prosthetic/orthotic company. The nylon straps on the original casing are narrow and cut into the sides of the body. A cotton T-shirt under the belt helps. I also use a thin foam pad to prevent pressure sores on my ribs and hipbones – the new Dr. Scholl’s gel pads for shoes work well. Similar pads can be obtained from a physical therapy department. I’m experimenting with a new custom pneumobelt using the elastic belting found in low-back support belts with gel pads on wider straps.

“There are no alarms on the pneumobelt, but there are many alarms on the ventilator. I turn the low-pressure alarms off as much as possible because they are annoying and not necessary for me. The alarm in case the belt becomes disconnected is sufficient to summon help.

“The pneumobelt provides hands-free ventilation without any intrusive apparatus around the face. However, the pneumobelt cannot be used in the reclining or supine position so I can’t recline in my wheelchair.” –TS, Arizona

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**What is positive pressure ventilation?**

Positive pressure – higher than atmospheric pressure – pushes air into the lungs. It can be administered either noninvasively via a wide variety of interfaces (nasal, facial and oral masks, nasal pillows, or mouthpieces), with tubing attaching the interface to the ventilator or invasively via tracheostomy.

Examples of equipment that deliver positive pressure ventilation are bilevel positive airway pressure ventilators, pressure support ventilators and volume ventilators.

The high flow of air from positive pressure may cause dryness in the nasal passages and upper airway, and humidifiers may help relieve symptoms of nasal stuffiness, dry mouth and thick nasal secretions. An integrated humidifier is a feature of some ventilators.

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**What is CPAP?**

CPAP (continuous positive airway pressure) units provide a continuous flow of air at the same level of pressure during inhalation and exhalation to help keep the airway open. CPAP is the standard treatment for obstructive sleep apnea; it does not assist with breathing and is not considered ventilation. New auto-titrating CPAP units or APAPs deliver varying levels of pressures based on the detection of sleep-disordered breathing events and can change pressure on a breath-by-breath basis. Many of the combination mode ventilators can provide CPAP.

---

**What is a bilevel positive airway pressure ventilator?**

Bilevel ventilators developed by modifying CPAP to also provide inspiratory positive airway pressure (IPAP) to assist inspiration (breathing in). IPAP and expiratory positive airway pressure (EPAP) settings are adjusted separately. People with neuromuscular disease and weak diaphragmatic muscles often may have difficulty breathing in and need IPAP set higher than EPAP, e.g., an IPAP of 14 and an EPAP of 3. The difference between IPAP and EPAP is called the span, and in these cases should be at least 10.

Bilevel ventilators are made by several manufacturers and are often generically referred to as BiPAP. The only bilevels that can be called BiPAP® are the units patented and registered by Respironics, Inc.

Bilevels are used mainly at night with a nasal, facial, oral mask or nasal pillows. Some people use them continuously, but there is no US FDA approval for such use in the home. (An alternative for 24-hour use is a volume-cycled or pressure-cycled ventilator – See page 8.) The FDA has not approved them for off-label use by people with tracheostomies, although some US physicians prescribe them, particularly for infants and children. In other parts of the world, bilevels are often used by people with tracheostomies.

Three modes are available with bilevel ventilators:

- “S” or spontaneous breathing patterns that are sensed so that the unit switches between prescribed pressures
- “T” or timed mode that delivers IPAP and EPAP at a predetermined breathing rate
- “S/T” or spontaneous/timed that operates in spontaneous mode but switches to timed mode (referred to as a backup rate) when breaths are not initiated by the individual.

People with neuromuscular disease should use a bilevel ventilator with a backup rate that initiates breaths for them, particularly at night.

The advantages of bilevel ventilators are small size, light weight, lower cost and compensation for interface leaks. The disadvantages include lack of internal batteries, no or few alarms, inadequate pressures for some people, use of more electricity to operate, and discomfort from EPAP. Many of the combination mode ventilators can provide bilevel ventilation.

The following equipment specifications are for bilevel ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.
## What is a bilevel positive airway pressure ventilator? (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure Ventilators</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>IPAP</th>
<th>EPAP</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Noise</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BiPAP® Harmony S/T® Respironics, Inc. <a href="http://www.respironics.com">www.respironics.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>4-30 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-30 BPM</td>
<td>100-240 V</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12-24 V with inverter</td>
<td>18 x 29 x 14 cm</td>
<td>2.6 kg</td>
<td>&lt;30 dB</td>
<td>Disconnect, apnea</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BiPAP® S/T® Respironics, Inc. <a href="http://www.respironics.com">www.respironics.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>4-30 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>0-30 BPM (S/T); 4-30 BPM (T)</td>
<td>100-240 V</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12 V with inverter</td>
<td>9.45&quot; L x 6.69&quot; W x 4.72&quot; H</td>
<td>&lt; 4 lbs</td>
<td>Disconnect, apnea</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BiPAP® Synchrony® Respironics, Inc. <a href="http://www.respironics.com">www.respironics.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, pressure control</td>
<td>4-30 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>0-30 BPM (S/T); 4-30 BPM (T)</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12 V with inverter</td>
<td>12&quot; L x 7&quot; W x 6&quot; H</td>
<td>6 lbs</td>
<td>Disconnect, apnea</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delta 2 Taema <a href="http://www.taema.com">www.taema.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>4-30 hPA</td>
<td>2-25 hPA</td>
<td>0, and from 6-40 BPM</td>
<td>4 inspiratory</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>External: 12 V</td>
<td>185 x 280 x 170 mm</td>
<td>3.8 kg</td>
<td>&lt;32 dB</td>
<td>Low battery, disconnect, power failure</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DeVilbiss® RPM® Bilevel DeVilbiss <a href="http://www.sunrisemedical.com">www.sunrisemedical.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, CPAP</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>0-30 BPM (automatic)</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12-24 V with inverter</td>
<td>7.5&quot; W x 4&quot; H x 10.8&quot; D</td>
<td>3.8 lbs</td>
<td>&lt;30 dB</td>
<td>Mask-off</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GoodKnight® 425 Bilevel Device Puritan Bennett <a href="http://www.puritanbennett.com">www.puritanbennett.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>3-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>6 BPM (fixed)</td>
<td>1-9 inspiratory</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12 V</td>
<td>5.6&quot; W x 2.9&quot; H x 7.7&quot; L</td>
<td>1.55 lb</td>
<td>&lt;31 dB</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>iSleep™ 22 BREAS Medical AB <a href="http://www.breas.com">www.breas.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, CPAP</td>
<td>4-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>6 BPM (fixed)</td>
<td>1-9 inspiratory</td>
<td>100-240 V</td>
<td>No internal/External: 24 V DC, 12V adapter</td>
<td>173 mm W x 172 mm H x 201 mm D (with humidifier)</td>
<td>2.0 kg (with humidifier)</td>
<td>&lt;30 dB</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moritz® ST MAP Medizin-Technologie GmbH <a href="http://www.MAP-med.com">www.MAP-med.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>4-18 hPA</td>
<td>2-25 hPA</td>
<td>4-30 BPM minimum</td>
<td>5 inspiratory</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal/External: 12-24 V</td>
<td>330 L x 22 W x 13 H cm</td>
<td>4.2 kg</td>
<td>&lt;30 dB</td>
<td>Leak, power failure</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What is a bilevel positive airway pressure ventilator? (continued)

### Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure Ventilators (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>IPAP</th>
<th>EPAP</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Noise</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multilevel ST-30 Dima Italia S.r.l. <a href="http://www.dimaitalia.com">www.dimaitalia.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed, Timed, CPAP</td>
<td>3-25 cm H₂O</td>
<td>0-15 cm H₂O</td>
<td>5-99 BPM</td>
<td>1-9 inspiratory</td>
<td>230 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal: 10 hrs External: 50 V</td>
<td>15 x 30 x 22 mm</td>
<td>3.0 kg</td>
<td>Low/high inspiratory pressure, apnea, high expiratory pressure, low battery, power failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nippy™ ST B &amp; D Electromedical <a href="http://www.bdemed.fsnet.co.uk">www.bdemed.fsnet.co.uk</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>3-30 cm H₂O</td>
<td>H₂O</td>
<td>6-43 BPM</td>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal External: 24 V, 2- and 8-hr portable, 4- and 8-hr backup</td>
<td>30 L x 22 W x 13 H cm</td>
<td>3.5 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, disconnect, mask off, flat/low battery, power failure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SmartAir® S AIROX <a href="http://www.airox.fr">www.airox.fr</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, CPAP</td>
<td>6-30 mbar</td>
<td>4-20 mbar</td>
<td>5 inspiratory</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 mz</td>
<td>No internal</td>
<td>200 x 125 x 290 mm</td>
<td>2.7 kg</td>
<td>Optional low pressure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SmartAir® ST AIROX <a href="http://www.airox.fr">www.airox.fr</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>6-30 mbar</td>
<td>4-20 mbar</td>
<td>5 inspiratory</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 mz</td>
<td>No internal</td>
<td>200 x 12 x 290 mm</td>
<td>2.7 kg</td>
<td>Optional low pressure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOMNOvent® S Weinmann GmbH &amp; Co. KG <a href="http://www.weinmann.de">www.weinmann.de</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>4-20 mbar</td>
<td>4-18 mbar</td>
<td>6 BPM</td>
<td>5 inspiratory 5 expiratory</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal External: 12 V, 24 converters</td>
<td>18 W x 9 H x 32 D cm</td>
<td>4 kg</td>
<td>26 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOMNOvent® ST Weinmann GmbH &amp; Co. KG <a href="http://www.weinmann.de">www.weinmann.de</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>4-20 mbar</td>
<td>4-18 mbar</td>
<td>5-45 BPM</td>
<td>5 inspiratory 5 expiratory</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal External: 12 V, 24 converters</td>
<td>18 W x 9 H x 32 D cm</td>
<td>4 kg</td>
<td>26 dB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sullivan® Comfort ResMed Corp. <a href="http://www.resmed.com">www.resmed.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous</td>
<td>4-18 cm H₂O</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VENTImotion® Weinmann GmbH &amp; Co. KG <a href="http://www.ventimotion.com">www.ventimotion.com</a></td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, CPAP, new SX and SXX</td>
<td>6-35 hPa</td>
<td>4-20 hPa</td>
<td>6 inspiratory 6 expiratory</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal External: VENTIpower®, 5 hrs</td>
<td>23 W x 12.5 H x 34 D cm</td>
<td>4.5 kg</td>
<td>25 dB</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, low minute ventilation, power failure, disconnect, overheat, pressure</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Humidifier**: Optional = H  
**Oxygen**: Optional = O
What is a bilevel positive airway pressure ventilator? (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bilevel Positive Airway Pressure Ventilators (continued)</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>IPAP</th>
<th>EPAP</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Noise</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VPAP® Adapt SV</td>
<td>Adaptive Servo Ventilation, CPAP</td>
<td>4-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>4-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Flow 3 inspiratory 3 expiratory</td>
<td>110-120 V, 230-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>External: 30 V, car adapter</td>
<td>5.6&quot; H x 9.8&quot; W x 11.5&quot; D</td>
<td>8.14 lbs (9.24 lbs with humidifier)</td>
<td>Power failure</td>
<td>H</td>
<td>Optional = H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPAP® III</td>
<td>Spontaneous, CPAP</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Flow 3 inspiratory 3 expiratory</td>
<td>110-240 V</td>
<td>No internal External: 12 V</td>
<td>270 L x 230 W x 141 H mm</td>
<td>2.3 kg</td>
<td>Mask off</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPAP® III ST</td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>5-30 BPM</td>
<td>Flow 3 inspiratory 3 expiratory</td>
<td>110-240 V</td>
<td>No internal External: 12 V</td>
<td>270 L x 230 W x 141 H mm</td>
<td>2.3 kg</td>
<td>Mask off</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VPAP® III ST-A</td>
<td>Spontaneous, timed, spontaneous/timed, CPAP</td>
<td>3-30 cm H2O</td>
<td>3-25 cm H2O</td>
<td>5-30 BPM</td>
<td>Flow 3 inspiratory 3 expiratory</td>
<td>110-240 V</td>
<td>No internal External: 12-24 V</td>
<td>270 L x 230 W x 141 H mm</td>
<td>2.3 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, mask off, low minute ventilation, non-vented circuit, disconnect, malfunction, power failure</td>
<td>H</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONSUMER COMMENTS FOR BILEVEL POSITIVE AIRWAY PRESSURE VENTILATORS:

**BiPAP® Synchrony®**

"In a conference room, the BiPAP® Synchrony is a bit noisy, mostly for the person using it and for those sitting close by. I use it at night during sleep, and the noise does not bother me.

"Ease of use at home and maintenance such as changing filters, cleaning circuits, etc., is no problem.

"I also use the PLV®-102 and keep the settings the same on the BiPAP® Synchrony for very comfortable breaths.

"I have used the BiPAP® Synchrony with batteries, but I wish the batteries were lighter. An internal battery would be preferable.

"The BiPAP® Synchrony is set to alarm when the cord is pulled out. It is light and portable and easy to carry wherever I go.

"When it is first turned on, it takes too long to give the first breath – its least favorite feature." –MH, Colorado
Consumer comments for bilevel positive airway pressure ventilators: (continued)

VPAP® III ST

“I’ve been using VPAP® III ST with built-in humidifier for more than a year. It replaced the Respironics BiPAP® Pro ‘S’ that I used for a year and a half.

“The BiPAP, though kind of noisy, is a dependable machine with a very nice filter. It served me well through my early recovery from the 10+ years of hypoventilation, but the need for the ‘timed’ feature became more and more evident. I still use it for traveling and for emergency use because, unlike the VPAP, it has a 12 V port built in.

“VPAP® III ST advantages:
1. It is so quiet that I forget I’m hooked up.
2. I am fortunate to be able to set the machine myself. The smaller IPAP and EPAP increment of .2 (compared to .5 on the BiPAP) taught me that my polio-weakened diaphragm and intercostals are more sensitive to the pressure setting than I previously thought. Understanding the way the machine settings need to balance has helped me visualize my exact breathing needs and make corrections accordingly for a greater improved quality of life.
3. The built-in humidifier gives the unit a small footprint compared to my old setup which included a separate humidifier.

“VPAP® III ST disadvantages:
1. The filter is much too small, it can’t be washed, and a finer pollen filter could be added.
2. The lowest EPAP setting is 4. Since I don’t have the classic mechanical obstructive problem I prefer 3 or even 2. The lower EPAP setting also makes it easier to start a breath, increasing the percentage of self-initiated breaths.”

–RDVL, California
What is a volume-cycled ventilator?

Volume-cycled ventilators deliver a preset volume of air during inspiration. Volume ventilators can deliver higher volumes and pressures than bilevel units, although the volume remains constant despite interface leaks. The pressure limit can be adjusted by increasing the volume and lowering the high-pressure alarm. Volume-cycled ventilators can be used for breath stacking (adding one breath to another without exhaling) to enable deeper breaths for improved cough. They also have alarms and internal batteries, but they are larger, heavier and more expensive than bilevel units, although some use less electricity to operate. If an individual needs 24-hour ventilation, a volume ventilator is recommended because it is approved by the FDA for this purpose and has the necessary safety features.

MODE DEFINITIONS:

*Control:* Delivers only controlled breaths at specified tidal volume and prescribed respiratory rate. Ventilator is triggered by pre-set machine rate, and the individual cannot take any spontaneous breaths.

*Assist/Control:* Allows individual to initiate/trigger a machine-assisted breath and to take additional breaths at prescribed tidal volume.

*SIMV (Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation):* Prescribed tidal volume and respiratory rate but individual can breathe spontaneously in between delivered breaths.

*PEEP (Positive End Expiratory Pressure):* Airway pressure is maintained at the end of the ventilator breaths to increase volume of air remaining in the lungs at the end of expiration.

*IPPB (Intermittent Positive Pressure Breathing):* Intermittent delivery of deep insufflations.

*Sigh:* Provides an increased amount of volume at intervals to simulate a normal sigh breath.

The following equipment specifications are for volume-cycled ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.
**What is a volume-cycled ventilator?**

(continued)

| Volume-cycled Ventilators | Mode | Tidal Volume | Inspiratory Flow Rate | Breath Rate | PEEP | Trigger | AC Voltage | Battery | Dimensions | Weight | Alarms | Humidifier
|---------------------------|------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|---------|------------|---------|------------|--------|--------|-----------
| Eole® 3 S                | Control, assist/control, IPPB | 0.05-1.55 L | 0.4-1.5 L/sec | 3-12 hPa | Flow and pressure | 110-230 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, 6 hrs External: 12-24 V (6-12 hrs) | 215 x 265 x 295 mm | 6.4 kg | Low/high pressure, battery, power failure | O
| ResMed Corp.  | [www.resmed.com](http://www.resmed.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eole® 3 XLS              | Control, assist/control, SIMV, IPPB | 0.05-1.55 L | 0.4-1.5 L/sec | 3-12 hPa | Flow and pressure | 230 V, 50 Hz | Internal, 6 hrs External: 12-24 V (6-18 hrs) | 210 x 265 x 300 mm | 6.7 kg | Low/high pressure, battery, power failure, low minute ventilation | O
| ResMed Corp.  | [www.resmed.com](http://www.resmed.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home 2                   | Control, assist/control, SIMV, sigh, pressure control | 0.1-1.6 L | 0.4-1.5 L/sec | Pressure | 110-230 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, 2 hrs | 240 x 254 x 340 mm | 12 kg | Low/high pressure | O
| AIROX  | [www.airox.fr](http://www.airox.fr)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Puritan Bennett           | Assist/control, SIMV, pressure cycle | 100-2200 ml | 2-100 LPM | 1-20 BPM in increments of 1 BPM and 22-38 BPM in increments of 2 BPM | 110 V, 220-240 V, 50/60 Hz (Power usage: Maximum 679 kW hrs) | Internal, up to 1 hr External: 10-20 hrs, depending on 12 V deep-cycle battery | 9.75” H x 14.5” W x 13.25” D | 35 lbs | Low/high pressure, low battery, power failure, malfunction | O
| [www.puritanbennett.com](http://www.puritanbennett.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LTV®800                   | Spontaneous, control, assist/control, SIMV | 50-2000 ml | 10-100 LPM | 0-20 BPM H2O | Pressure | 90-250 V, 47/63 Hz | Internal, 1 hr External: 3 hrs, 4 hrs, 9 hrs automobile cigarette lighter adapter | 3” H x 10” W x 12” D | 12.85 lbs | Low/high pressure, empty/low battery, low minute ventilation, apnea, power failure, malfunction, disconnect | O
| Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.  | [www.pulmonetic.com](http://www.pulmonetic.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PLV®-100                  | Control, assist/control, SIMV | 0.05-3.00 L ± 10% | 10-120 LPM | 2-35 BPM ± 5; 36-40 ± 2 | 120 V, 50/60 Hz, 220-240 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, 1 hr External: 12 V | 9” H x 12.25” W x 12.25” D | 28.2 lbs | Low/high pressure, apnea, low battery, power failure, malfunction | O
| Respironics, Inc.  | [www.respironics.com](http://www.respironics.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PLV®-102                  | Control, control + sigh, assist/control, assist/control + sigh, SIMV | 0.05-0.20 L ± 0.02 L; 0.20-3.00 L ± 10% | 10-120 LPM | 2-35 BPM ± 0.5; 36-40 ± 2 | 120 V, 50/60 Hz, 220-240 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, 1 hr External: 12 V | 9” H x 12.25” W x 12.25” D | 28.9 lbs | Low/high pressure, apnea, low battery, power failure, malfunction | O
| Respironics, Inc.  | [www.respironics.com](http://www.respironics.com)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

**KEY:**

1 = available only in USA
2 = available only outside USA
3 = available worldwide

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See Consumer Comments at end of specifications
**What is a volume-cycled ventilator?** (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Volume-cycled Ventilators (continued)</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Tidal Volume</th>
<th>Inspiratory Flow Rate</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>PEEP</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PLV®-102b</strong> Respironics, Inc.</td>
<td>Control, control + sigh, assist/control, assist/control + sigh, SIMV</td>
<td>0.05-0.20 + 0.02 L; 0.20-3.00 L ± 10%</td>
<td>10-120 LPM</td>
<td>2-35 BPM ± 0.5; 36-40 ± 2</td>
<td>0-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>120 V, 50/60 Hz, 220-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, 1 hr External: 12 V</td>
<td>9&quot; H x 12.25&quot; W x 12.25&quot; D</td>
<td>28.9 lbs</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, apnea, low battery, power failure, malfunction</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>UniVent™ Eagle™ 754</strong> Impact Instrumentation, Inc.</td>
<td>Assist/control, SIMV, CPAP</td>
<td>0-3000 ml</td>
<td>1-150 BPM</td>
<td>1-20 cm H2O</td>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>90-265 V, 47/440 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, 3 hrs max External: 11-15 V</td>
<td>8.87&quot; x 11.5&quot; x 4.5&quot; D</td>
<td>13 lbs</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, low battery, malfunction, disconnect, power failure, tidal volume</td>
<td>O</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>V-Leonardo</strong> Dima Italia S.r.l.</td>
<td>Controlled, assist, assist/control, SIMV</td>
<td>0.1-1.6 L</td>
<td>5-99 BPM</td>
<td>0-15 cm H2O</td>
<td>Pressure 0.5-5 cm; H2O; Flow</td>
<td>110/220 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, 10 hrs External: 12 VDC</td>
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**CONSUMER COMMENTS FOR VOLUME-CYCLED VENTILATORS:**

**LP10**

“For a piston-pump ventilator, the LP10’s noise level is reasonable with clicks and slow-speed motor noise. It is more tolerable than a high-speed motor. OK for a conference room, but not in a concert hall or church. Sometimes an alarm will sound unexpectedly which could be embarrassing and cause confrontations.

“Changing filters could be improved to make it a little easier. Front panel of visual indicators is easy to clean with a damp cloth. The cluster of seven knobs is hard to clean around. I prefer only inexpensive disposable circuits. On many units alarm reset and battery test buttons are too hard to press.

“The LP10 delivers a breath in a very comfortable manner, and it can be controlled well by settings. In the Assist Mode, as with all piston pump ventilators, it is slow to deliver a breath in response to patient breathing effort.

‘Setting Error’ might be confusing to many users. External battery connection is too hard to get at.

“The LP10 functions well on battery operation and works well with humidifiers (Fisher & Paykel Healthcare Inc).

“Many alarms, which sometimes we love and sometimes we hate. There are certain times when we should be able to silence them.

“LP is very reliable and very stable, and is less expensive than turbine-driven vents. The cabinet configuration could be cosmetically improved. Needs a lot of space on a nightstand. Shape and size do not enable it to be mounted well on the back of a wheelchair.” —JD, Washington
Consumer comments for volume-cycled ventilators: (continued)

"The LP10 is extremely quiet in all settings. The alarms can easily be adjusted when going to public sites if desired. Maintenance is easy. Changing the filters, circuits and humidifiers is easily learned.

"Comfort/synchronization is very smooth. I have used different ventilators in the hospital and always prefer the LP10.

"I use an artificial nose humidifier that fits directly into the circuit. When using the van, I plug the LP10 easily into the cigarette lighter adapter. Attaching an external battery is easy because there is a direct port to make this connection.

"The alarms are loud, and the volume cannot be adjusted.

"The LP10 is reliable. I have used mine since 2001 without a failure incident. I wish it was smaller and lightweight." –SS, Virginia

LTV®800

"The LTV®800 is easy to carry anywhere – lightweight, reasonably small and durable. I can hold it on my lap during airplane flights.

"During the day when I use mouth intermittent positive pressure with a mouthpiece. I did not need or want to use the long, multi-tubed circuits that came with the LTV®800 so I substituted simple ones (that I used with another volume ventilator). However, I now require PEEP for sleeping, and I use Pulmonetic's circuit with PEEP valve with my custom-made face mask. My husband changes the night circuit monthly and cleans/disinfects the day circuit weekly.

"The LTV®800 sits on the car's front seat beside me as I drive. It is simple to hook up to the cigarette lighter or the small battery pack. My husband thinks there's sometimes an annoying whistle to the vent when it's in the car but I'm not bothered by the sound, although it does vary more than when it is hooked to AC.

"At first, the on/off and reset buttons were very difficult for me to use because I have little push-down power in my fingers. I put little pads on the buttons to raise them just enough to provide an area my fingers can push down on. The filters are washable and easy to reach. The Pulmonetic people have been very accessible when I needed help or had questions. There are many bells and whistles to this vent that I still have not fully explored. I miss the deep breath sigh that the Bear 33 delivered to me for 15 years." –JG, Kansas

PLV®-100

"I have owned an LTV® 800 for about five years. The manufacturer (Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.) has a policy of dealing only through home health care companies, and they deal only in rentals. Therefore I cannot get maintenance and repair service for it through the manufacturer. Its relatively small size and dual voltage makes it good for travel. It is noisier than my PLV®-100 and has a smaller limit of volume delivery." –AF, Virginia

"The noise level is acceptable in a home setting, a constant white noise that doesn't bother me at all. I don't use it elsewhere.

"Maintenance has been no problem. The cleaning of circuits and changing filters has become routine.

"I find it very smooth in air delivery. The humidifier adaptation is clumsy but functional. I've never used other accessories.

"The alarms are very timely but loud. I find them irritating because I don't have to depend on them to attract help.

"The PLV®-100 is very dependable. It has only malfunctioned once in many years of use. It is a rental unit, and the company is very good about routine maintenance. The least favorite feature is the size and weight. It is bulky and heavy to lug around." –PK, Massachusetts

"The PLV®-100 is reasonably quiet, better than any other vents I have used. It is easy to use and maintain. Air delivery feels smooth. There are many accessories, but the internal battery only lasts 1½ hours. Its least favorite feature for me is that the settings can "float" a bit and need adjustment." –DW, Nebraska

"I continue to use the PLV®-100, a unit that seems to soldier on with only routine maintenance as scheduled by Respironics. I also appreciate the professionalism and attentiveness of that company.

"A recent ice storm – with seven days sans electricity at my residence – had the PLV operating on 12V battery power for the first time. I haven't checked the manual for specifics, but my unit operated for nearly 24 hours continuously without the battery being charged. I was surprised, especially because the battery was not a deep-cycle type. I expected to be forced to recharge it every eight hours or so. Additionally, the hookup was simple, and I noticed no difference in performance." –GP, Missouri
Consumer comments for volume-cycled ventilators: (continued)

“I have owned a PLV®-100 for about 20 years. It is rugged, dependable, and quiet, and I have a maintenance and repair contract directly with Respironics. It is just large enough to make air travel with it annoying. Rentals can be arranged for travel to countries where 110V service is not available.” –AF, Virginia

PLV®-102b

“I use the PLV®-102b at my bedside. It is very quiet. I have used it in softer and louder venues ranging from doctor’s offices to concert halls and think it rates well. The alarm however, is loud and shrill and not adjustable for volume. It can be muted somewhat by placing tape over it.

“Various controls are operated by large knobs that turn fairly easily in either direction. I have considerable dysfunction in my hands but am still able to operate the controls myself. The on/off switch is also easily manipulated which is a very good thing for me.

“Circuits are easily cleaned daily by my PCAs in Control III disinfectant. I have three nondisposable circuits in circulation.

“The PLV®-102b delivers a very smooth breath. I use a humidifier (Fisher & Paykel Healthcare Inc.). I keep a small 6V car battery nearby in case of power outages. The alarms are too loud and annoying. There is a 30-second silencer, but it’s not long enough for me.

“My most favorite feature is reliability. Least favorite features are size and weight that can make it difficult in traveling by air.” –IG, Minnesota
What is a pressure support ventilator? What is pressure control?

Pressure support ventilators supplement the inspiratory effort of individuals who can breathe spontaneously by providing a preset amount of positive airway pressure throughout the complete inspiration. The tidal volume can vary from breath to breath. These ventilators also offer pressure control with the ventilator, rather than the individual, controlling the breathing rate. Pressure control sets the pressure rather than the flow.

The following equipment specifications are for pressure support ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Support Ventilators</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Tidal Volume</th>
<th>Pressure Range</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>IPAP, EPAP, PIP, PEEP</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
<th>Optional</th>
<th>Oxygen</th>
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<tr>
<td>Multilevel VP</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dima Italia S.r.l.</td>
<td>Spontaneous, spontaneous/timed, timed, CPAP</td>
<td>5-99 BPM</td>
<td>3-60 cm H₂O</td>
<td>Inspiratory, expiratory</td>
<td>110-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal: 12 V, 2 hrs</td>
<td>No external</td>
<td>150 x 300 x 220 mm</td>
<td>3.5 kg</td>
<td>Low/high inspiratory pressure, high expiratory pressure, apnea, low battery, power failure</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.dimaitalia.com">www.dimaitalia.com</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Nippy 3</td>
<td>Pressure control, pressure support, IPPV, CPAP</td>
<td>6-60 BPM</td>
<td>0-30 cm H₂O</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>No internal</td>
<td>External: 24 V, 2- &amp; 8-hr portable, 4- &amp; 8-hr backup</td>
<td>297 L x 223 W x 132 H mm</td>
<td>3.5 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, flat/low battery, disconnect, power failure</td>
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<td>B &amp; D Electromedical</td>
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<tr>
<td>SmartAir® Plus</td>
<td>Pressure control, pressure support, volume control, spontaneous, spontaneous-timed, CPAP</td>
<td>100-1250 ml</td>
<td>IPAP: 5-30 mbar</td>
<td>Inspiratory: 5 mbar</td>
<td>115-230 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, 2-5 hrs</td>
<td>External: 24 V</td>
<td>200 x 125 x 290 mm</td>
<td>3.2 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, disconnect</td>
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<td>AIROX</td>
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<td>EPAP: 0-20 mbar</td>
<td>Expiratory: 4 mbar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vivo™ 30</td>
<td>Pressure support, pressure control, CPAP</td>
<td>4-40 BPM</td>
<td>IPAP: 4-30 cm H₂O</td>
<td>Inspiratory 1-9</td>
<td>100-240 V</td>
<td>External: 12/24 V DC</td>
<td></td>
<td>185 mm W x 230 mm H x 227 mm D</td>
<td>3.3 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, low volume, low/high leakage, low external battery, low power, internal function failure</td>
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<tr>
<td>BREAS Medical AB</td>
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<td>EPAP: 2-30 cm H₂O</td>
<td>Expiratory 1-9</td>
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</table>
What is a pressure support ventilator? (continued)

KEY: 1 = available only in USA  2 = available only outside USA  3 = available worldwide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pressure Support Ventilators</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Tidal Volume</th>
<th>Pressure Range</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>IPAP, EPAP, PIP, PEEP</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier Optional = H Oxygen = O</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vivo™ 40</strong> BREAS Medical AB</td>
<td>Pressure support, pressure control, CPAP</td>
<td>4-40 BPM</td>
<td>IPAP: 4-40 cm H$_2$O EPAP: 2-40 cm H$_2$O</td>
<td>Inspiratory 1-9; Expiratory 1-9</td>
<td>100-240 V</td>
<td>Internal: 3.8 Ah capacity External: 12.5/24 V DC</td>
<td>185 mm W x 240 mm H x 227 mm D</td>
<td>4 kg (with internal battery and humidifier)</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, low volume, low/high breath rate, low/high leakage, low external battery, low power, internal function failure</td>
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<td>Pediatric use</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>VS Integra®</strong> ResMed Corp.</td>
<td>Pressure control, pressure support, spontaneous, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>50-2500 ml</td>
<td>5-50 hPa</td>
<td>Inspiratory; expiratory</td>
<td>100-230 V, 110-230 V</td>
<td>Internal, up to 4 hrs External, up to 8 hrs</td>
<td>135 x 285 x 204 mm</td>
<td>2.6 kg</td>
<td>Minimum/maximum tidal volume, power supply, low/empty battery, low/high pressure, disconnect</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
What is a combination or multi-mode ventilator?

The current generation of ventilators can provide many modes of ventilation: pressure support, pressure control, volume control, bilevel pressure or CPAP.

The following equipment specifications are for combination ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination or Multi-Mode Ventilators</th>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Tidal Volume</th>
<th>Pressure Range</th>
<th>Breath Rate</th>
<th>PEEP</th>
<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Achieva® Portable Ventilator</strong></td>
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<td>Puritan Bennett</td>
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<td><strong>Elisée® 150</strong></td>
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What is a combination or multi-mode ventilator? (continued)

**KEY:** ¹ = available only in USA  ² = available only outside USA  ³ = available worldwide

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<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Helia® 2**  
ResMed Corp.  
www.resmed.com ² | Pressure support, pressure support with tidal volume, assist pressure control, IPPB, assist/control | 0-2.5 L | 5-60 cm H2O adult; 3-40 cm H2O NIV; 3-60 cm H2O pediatric invasive | 5-60 BPM | 0/3-12 hPa | Pressure and flow | 230 V | Internal, 3-5 hrs  
External: 24 V, 3-5 hrs | 210 x 265 x 340 mm | 10 kg | Remote, power failure, low/empty battery, low/high pressure, leaks, low tidal volume, trigger sensitivity, oxygen and FiO2 sensors | 0 |
| **HT50®**  
Newport Medical Instruments  
www.ventilators.com ³  
Pediatric use > 5 kg  
See Consumer Comments at end of specifications | Volume control, A/CMV & SIMV w/o w/o pressure support, pressure control A/CMV & SIMV w/o w/o pressure support. Spontaneous (CPAP) w/ or w/o pressure support. Backup ventilation in all modes (responds to low-minute volume alarm) | 100-2,200 ml (in Volume Control) | Pressure control; 5-60 cm H2O, Volume control; 0-100 cmH2O | 1-99 BPM | 0-30 cm H2O (leak compensated) | 9.9-0 cmH2O relative to built-in PEEP/CPAP | 110-240 V, 50/60/400 Hz | Internal, up to 10 hrs, charges to 80% charge in 5-7 hrs from either AC or DC (12-24 V battery). Newport Supplemental Power Pack (24 V); Adds 50% more use time to internal battery. External battery: 12-30 V with automotobile cable | 10.63" W x 7.87" D x 10.24" H | 15 lbs | High/low pressure, high/low minute volume, high/low PEEP, circuit occlusion, apnea, press control level not reached, check prox line, battery low, battery empty, power swith-cover, device alert, shut down alert | H, O |
| **iVent 201™**  
VersaMed  
www.versamed.net ³ | Volume control, pressure control, pressure support, spontaneous, assist/control, SIMV, CPAP | 100-2,000 ml | 0-60 cm H2O | 1-50 BPM | 0-20 cm H2O | Flow and pressure | 100-240 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, up to 2 hrs  
External: 12-15 V | 13" H x 9.5" W x 10.3" D | 22 lbs | Low/high pressure, low battery, leak, power failure, malfunction, disconnect, low minute ventilation | O |
## Combination or Multi-Mode Ventilators  
(continued)

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier Optional = H</th>
<th>Oxygen = O</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Legendair® AIROX**  
www.airox.fr  
*Pediatric use > 5 kg*  
*See Consumer Comments at end of specifications* | Pressure control, pressure support with and without tidal volume, volume control, SIMV | 100-1400 ml | Insp: 5-40 mbar  
Exp: 0-20 mbar | 6-60 BPM | 5 inspiratory | 115-230 V, 50/60 Hz | Internal, up to 11 hrs  
External: 24 V | 230 x 305 x 150 mm | 4.5 kg | Low/high pressure, low battery, power failure, malfunction, low minute ventilation, disconnect |
| **LTV®900**  
Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.  
www.pulmonetic.com  
*Pediatric use > 5 kg*  
*See Consumer Comments at end of specifications* | Volume control, pressure support, control, assist/control, SIMV, Spontaneous, CPAP | 50-2000 ml | Pressure support; 0-60 cm H2O | 0-20 cm H2O | Flow | 90-250 V, 47/63 Hz | Internal, 1 hr  
External: 11-15 V, 3 hrs, 4 hrs, 9 hrs, automobile cigarette lighter adapter | 3" H x 10" W x 12" D | 13.4 lbs | Low/high pressure, low/empty battery, power failure, malfunction, low minute ventilation, apnea, disconnect |
| **LTV®950**  
Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.  
www.pulmonetic.com  
*Pediatric use > 5 kg*  
*See Consumer Comments at end of specifications* | Volume control, pressure control, pressure support, control, assist/control, SIMV, Spontaneous, CPAP | 50-2000 ml | Pressure control 1-99 cm H2O; Pressure support 0-60 cm H2O | 0-20 cm H2O | Flow | 90-250 V, 47/63 Hz | Internal, 1 hr  
External: 11-15 V, 3 hrs, 9 hrs automobile cigarette lighter adapter | 3" H x 10" W x 12" D | 13.4 lbs | Low/high pressure, low/empty battery, power failure, malfunction, low minute ventilation, apnea, disconnect |
| **LTV®1000**  
Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.  
www.pulmonetic.com  
*Pediatric use > 5 kg*  
*See Consumer Comments at end of specifications* | Volume control, pressure control, pressure support, control, assist/control, SIMV, CPAP, spontaneous | 50-2000 ml | Pressure control 1-99 cm H2O; Pressure support 0-60 cm H2O | 0-20 cm H2O | Flow | 90-250 V, 47/63 Hz | Internal, 1 hr  
External: 11-15 V, 3 hrs, 9 hrs, automobile cigarette lighter adapter | 3" H x 10" W x 12" D | 13.4 lbs | Low/high pressure, low/empty battery, power failure, malfunction, low minute ventilation, apnea, disconnect |
What is a combination or multi-mode ventilator? (continued)

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<tr>
<th>Combination or Multi-Mode Ventilators (continued)</th>
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<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
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<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Neftis</strong> Taema <a href="http://www.taema.com">www.taema.com</a></td>
<td>Volume assist/control, pressure assist/control, pressure support with PEEP, SIMV</td>
<td>50-2000 ml</td>
<td>5-60 BPM</td>
<td>0-20 cm H₂O</td>
<td>4 inspiratory</td>
<td>93.5-253 V, 47/63 Hz</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>External: 10.5 to 30 V</td>
<td>300 L x 248 W x 320 D mm</td>
<td>14 kg</td>
<td>Pressure, volume, power failure, low minute ventilation, disconnect</td>
<td>H, O</td>
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<td>Pediatric use</td>
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<td><strong>Neftis 2</strong> Taema <a href="http://www.taema.com">www.taema.com</a></td>
<td>Volume assist/control, pressure assist/control, pressure support with PEEP, SIMV support with PEEP, SIMV</td>
<td>50-2000 ml</td>
<td>5-60 BPM</td>
<td>0-20 cm H₂O</td>
<td>5 inspiratory</td>
<td>93.5-253 V, 47/63 Hz</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>External: 10.5 to 30 V</td>
<td>300 L x 248 W x 320 D mm</td>
<td>14 kg</td>
<td>Pressure, volume, power failure, low minute ventilation, disconnect</td>
<td>H, O</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>PV 403 PEEP</strong> BREAS Medical AB <a href="http://www.breas.com">www.breas.com</a></td>
<td>Pressure support, pressure control, volume control</td>
<td>0.3-1.8 L</td>
<td>6-50 cm H₂O</td>
<td>Optional: 0-10 cm H₂O</td>
<td>100-240 V, 50/60 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, up to 3 hrs External: 12-24 V, 6-10 hrs</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>35 W x 18 H x 26 D cm</td>
<td>5.5 kg</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, leak, low battery, power failure, malfunction, low tidal volume</td>
<td>O</td>
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</table>

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What is a combination or multi-mode ventilator? (continued)

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<th>Trigger</th>
<th>AC Voltage</th>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Alarms</th>
<th>Humidifier</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TBird® Legacy</td>
<td>Pressure control, pressure support, assist/control, SIMV, CPAP</td>
<td>50-2000 ml</td>
<td>1-60 cm H2O</td>
<td>2-80 BPM</td>
<td>PEEP: 0-30 cm H2O</td>
<td>Flow</td>
<td>100-240 V, 47/63 Hz</td>
<td>Internal, 25 min External: 48 (4 x 12) V</td>
<td>12.6” W x 14” D x 13” H</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, malfunction, low minute ventilation</td>
<td>O with Legacy O2</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>VS Ultra®</td>
<td>Assist/control volume, assist pressure control, pressure support with or without backup, pressure support with tidal volume, spontaneous, spontaneous/timed</td>
<td>0.05-2.5 L</td>
<td>Insp. &amp; Exp.</td>
<td>100-230 V</td>
<td>Internal, 4 hrs External: 24 V, 8 hrs</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>3.5 kg with battery</td>
<td>Low/high pressure, low/empty battery, disconnect, malfunction, remote, low/high tidal volume</td>
<td>O</td>
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CONSUMER COMMENTS FOR COMBINATION OR MULTI-MODE VENTILATORS:

HT50®

"The noise level of the HT50® is slightly louder than most other vents, but one gets accustomed to it. I have had no complaints at conferences, church services or movies.

"Maintenance is just as easy as any other vent that I have used. It is easy to use and easy to move. The technology is good. The HT50 is comfortable, feels fine and delivers air smoothly. The auto DC adaptor works fine, and the internal battery usually lasts for four to five hours before the two-hour warning alarm sounds. It is somewhat annoying when the alarm repeats and repeats.

"The HT50's light weight, small size and portability are its best features."

–HH, Virginia

"The noise does not bother me when I'm in my own home but it does when I'm out in the public, such as the doctor's waiting room. I do not require 24-hour ventilator use so I've never used it in church.

"I find it very easy to use at home. It is light enough for me to move it without help. I place mine on the back of my wheelchair during the day. I change my own filters easily; the circuits are disposable and not hard to change.

"I use the assist control mode, volume ventilation. The air is delivered smoothly and consistently. I do not use the humidifier that comes with the unit. I use a unit that sets beside the Newport. This works fine for me.

"My van is equipped with an inverter, so I have never used the cigarette lighter adapter in my vehicle.

"The alarms are more forgiving that some because I can actually miss one breath without creating alarms. I do this often when I'm talking and using the vent. Moving about in bed does not cause alarms as long as I keep my breathing normal. The alarms are easy to turn off.

"The portability of the HT50 and the comfortable airflow are its most favorite features. I wish it was quieter."

–MD, Arkansas

"I find breathing very comfortable with it. One model has a built-in humidifier which would be great if you use the vent during the day. However, it is small and requires refilling every four hours or so. You can get an adapter for your car's cigarette lighter. The HT50 has an internal battery that is claimed to last for 10 hours, but I haven't tested it that long yet.

"I can breathe on my own so I wish there was a way to shut off the alarms, but they do reset themselves quickly when the problem is fixed.

"The HT50's 10-hour internal battery and small size are its best features. I am not crazy about the calibration." –DV, New Hampshire

LTV®900

"The LTV®900 is moderately noisy. I modify the circuit for my son's needs because it is difficult to change. The Y valve is very bulky especially if you use a heated wire circuit and need to add a temperature probe at the Y valve.

"The adapter for the car's cigarette lighter is a good feature. The size, of course, is the best feature."

–JS, Florida

"The LTV®900 is quiet during the day and in big rooms, but it is loud in a small room and at night.

"The entire ventilator tubing circuit is changed once a week. It is easily done as it has designated connections that only fit into specifics ports. You can't connect it wrong. There are two little filters. One is the computer exhaust and the other is the inlet for the air. They are both washed easily with regular water and air dried.

"I use an inline HME instead and like the Portex 1200 HME the best, which I change every day. The HME provides a little resistance (compared to the LP10 humidification chamber), but is so much smaller and convenient.

"The car adapter and three-hour battery packs are great. My AC adaptor plug has had two breakages at the connection site in the last year. This is a poor design that is too fragile for this vital connection.

"The alarm could be louder, but the alarm resets itself if the problem of high or low pressure is fixed automatically. The cover over the controls is a nice feature as it leaves only the alarm reset button available for pushing by caregivers. However, the cover needs to be able to be clipped on somehow as it just falls off sometimes – we have to tape it into place. The locking feature on the setting of all the control parameters is also nice."
Consumer comments for combination or multi-mode ventilators: (continued)

"My most favorite feature is the wonderful portability. I swim with my vent connected during aquatic therapy. It also attaches easily to the back of my wheelchair and takes very little additional space.

"Its least favorite feature is the loudness during the night. Customer service with both my local medical device company and the manufacturer has been poor." – EO, Alabama

**LTV®950**

"During the day I rarely hear it unless I happen to pull my chair up near a wall where the sound is reflected. At night the bedside machine is mounted on a stand slightly above my head, but the noise does not interfere with either watching television or going to sleep.

"The only maintenance required is the weekly changing of two filters. I need to use a pair of tweezers to pull the grate over the fan motor filter. I am sure that someone with weaker arms/hands than I have would find it very difficult. For an able-bodied person it is easy. The filters are then rinsed in warm water, squeezed dry and left to totally dry for use the following week. I use disposable circuits and changing them is not difficult. I have permanent circuits to use in an emergency and find washing them to be very exhausting.

"I find the LTV®950 to be a very 'natural' way to breathe. To me it is very smooth and comfortable and the machine always seems to be in synch with me.

"I use the following accessories (also from Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.) – AC power adapter, external 12V nine-hour batteries (I use three and rotate them through charging and resting), external battery DC cord, automotive lighter power cord that also works with my Husky Jump Start System, Model HSK020HD if I get in a pinch, and a table stand that supports the vent on a tabletop at bedside. I also use a heated humidifier (Fisher & Paykel Healthcare Inc.) at night.

"I particularly like the adjustable alarm volume, which I set to an audible but not ear-shattering 60db so I don’t frighten people when an alarm goes off when I’m out and about.

"For me, the most favorite feature of the LTV®950 is the profile of the vent, which allows me to hang it on my wheelchair, right below the right arm of the chair. This allows me to see the vent if an alarm goes off, discover what the problem is, most often be able to fix the problem, and always be able to reset the alarm. Without this profile, the vent would have to mount on the back of my chair and I would require someone with me all the time. As it is, I am able to be by myself for major periods while my wife is at work (she works within 90 seconds of our home if I were to need her in an emergency).

"The least favorite feature is the way the low-battery power alarm goes off. It begins to signal low power when the battery is only about at 50% and then continues to go off every 90 seconds or so for an hour or more. It will then go quiet until the external battery fails and the internal battery takes over. I would prefer ONE warning at 50%, probably a warning at 10%, and the warning at fail over. While this is a real nuisance and sometimes very embarrassing, it doesn’t quite overshadow my most favorite feature."

–LK, Minnesota

"I use the LTV®950 on my power chair. I prefer to be able to operate ventilator controls myself, but with this ventilator I just barely am able to do so. The ON/OFF control requires you to push down and hold for several seconds. Also true for many other controls which is difficult if you have weak hand muscles.

"The alarm level sound is adjustable which is great. The LTV®950 has so many features that it’s almost overwhelming to learn how to run it at first.

"Circuits are a tad too long and more involved to clean. I’m told valves cannot be immersed in water.

"I find the breath it delivers a little jerky, but nothing too bad. The adaptor for the car’s cigarette lighter is easy to use, and the charger unit is compact.

"The most favorite feature is its size and weight. It takes up considerably less space on the back of my wheelchair and of course is super for travel.

"Least favorite feature is the noise level at which it operates. The noise level is very loud compared to the PLV®-102b." – IG, Minnesota

"The small size and portability of the LTV®950 are extremely important features for an active vent user who travels frequently. The small lightweight ‘flatpack’ batteries are a brilliant solution to the problem of powering the unit when you’re on the move and don’t have access to electrical outlets. The air delivery is sophisticated and comfortable, seeming to sense what you need and readily adjust to changing breathing requirements. I fall asleep instantly with the LTV®950, and the noise of its turbine-driven operation does not bother me at all during the night.

"The multi-modal operation of the LTV®950 is definitely an asset for the person who requires the regularity and consistency of pressure ventilation at night but during the day uses intermittent volume ventilation to assist and
augment regular respiration and periodically take deeper breaths. This is especially helpful during a respiratory infection.

"During daytime use, however, the noise is definitely a problem. It interferes with conversation and prevents use of my speaker phone – a dangerous safety issue when one is alone and dependent on the phone as a lifeline. Another problem is the excessive and clinically obvious tubing, which seems strangely contradictory to the non-ICU look of the LTV®950 motor unit itself – especially when it’s in its backpack. Perhaps it is possible to re-engineer the tubing so as to make it less cumbersome, more cosmetic and easier to handle.

"The alarms are adjustable, and you can even turn them off, as I did during the day so I could use the volume mode intermittently.

"Most favorite features are the size, portability and natural feeling/comfort of the pressure ventilation mode. Least favorite are the noise and cumbersome, excessive tubing." –AK, Canada

"I have been using the LTV®950 for about six years. While this vent may not suit everyone, I think it is terrific. The main reason is size. I have the vent hung under the arm of my chair where I can access it and read and correct alarms. In this way, I can remain independent, only calling for help when and if it is really needed.

"Some complain about the noise, but the noise doesn’t bother me in the least. I do admit that it is a bit louder than the LP10 I used as a backup vent for a number of years. But that vent doesn’t allow the needed independence." –LK, Minnesota

LTV®1000

"I have been using the LTV®1000 for about five and a half years. I have had very little trouble with it, and it has met all my needs. Breathing with the vent feels very smooth and natural.

"The sound of the ventilator is similar to white noise. It is a constant, low noise with a slight increase with each breath. Most of the time I don’t even notice the sound. It doesn’t seem to annoy others when I am out and about.

"The maintenance of the LTV®1000 is easy. For the bedside vent, I use disposable circuits that are changed weekly. For the vent on my wheelchair, I use the reusable circuits that we clean weekly. The filters are easy to clean and change.

"The stand for the vent at bedside is sturdy and easy to move about. We occasionally use the adapter for the car’s cigarette lighter when going on long trips to save the external battery. All the connections to use the external batteries, adapter for car, and electrical power are easy to use and switch from one to another.

"The alarms work well and are easy to reset. There is a message that tells you why the vent is alarming. I have not had any problems with it alarming unnecessarily.

"The thing I like best about the LTV is the size. It fits nicely against the seat back of my wheelchair and does not interfere in any way with my ability to get around and go places.

"The thing that we have had the most difficulty with is the length of time I am able to get with the external batteries. I am usually up in my wheelchair for about 15 hours a day. I have to replace the external batteries on a fairly regular basis because over time they don’t seem to hold the charge. I am very active and don’t like to have to plug into an electrical source while I am in my chair so the external batteries are very important to me.

"I have been trached and vented, 24/7, for the past eight years. I have used the Pulmonetics LTV®1000 and have had great success with this vent. I haven’t used anything else so I can’t compare the differences. I have one vent that is attached to the back of my wheelchair and two external batteries to power it during the day. I am usually up in my chair for about 16 hours. At night I have a vent by my bed and powered by electricity with a backup battery in case of power failure. During the night the external batteries on my chair are charged so that they are ready for my next day." –BW, Maine

TBird® Legacy

"Our son uses the TBird® Legacy, and it is very quiet. It is easy to maintain with disposable circuits. I designed an eight-foot long heated wire circuit for a humidifier (Fisher & Paykel Healthcare) to use with the TBird. It is very streamlined, and the whole circuit is clear tubing, so it is less visible than the regular circuit.

"My son is comfortable breathing with the TBird. It has an external battery that we don’t think is adequate, so we use an inverter with our own batteries on the wheelchair. There are many alarms that can be pre-silenced and volume-adjusted. The TBird has a high breath rate.

"Our favorite features are the quietness of operation and reliability. Least favorite are the size and weight and higher energy consumption." –JS, Florida
Ventilators for infants and children

The choice of a ventilation system in infants and children involves several factors such as the child's age; degree of respiratory impairment; need for positive end expiratory pressure (PEEP), pressure support, and higher respiratory rates; and the resources and support systems at home.

Infants who are born prematurely often need a ventilator to help them breathe while in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit (NICU). Others may have progressive and severe muscle weakness or severe aspiration that caused lung injury. These children usually require a tracheostomy to establish an artificial airway and to protect their developing airways.

Children's ventilatory needs can vary from full respiratory support to partial respiratory support with some ventilator-free time. In children who can initiate a breath and only require night-time support, the use of noninvasive ventilation is increasing. Popular ventilators for pediatric use in the USA include LP10, Achieva®, PLV®-100, the LTV® series, HT50®, and TBird® Legacy; in the UK and Europe, the Nippy Junior and Neftis and Neftis 2 are popular. In many developing countries, bilevel ventilators are often the only ventilators that are affordable and available for use.

The following equipment specifications are for combination ventilators currently on the markets. There is no “standard” form for specifications. American and European manufacturers differ in the technical information that they provide about their products. Alarms must be a certain volume. Minimum and maximum alarm volume is regulated.

Nippy Junior
B & D Electromedical, www.bdemed.fsnet.co.uk

For infants and children over 10 lbs.
Mode: Pressure control, pressure support, IPPV (NIV and tracheostomy)
Pressure range: 0-30 cm H2O
Trigger: Flow
AC voltage: 100-240 V, 50-60 Hz, no internal battery
External battery: 24 V, 2- to 8-hour portable, 4- to 8-hour backup
Dimensions: 297 L x 223 W x 132 H mm
Weight: 3.5 kg
Alarms: Low/high pressure, disconnect, flat/low battery, power failure

Which method and ventilator should be used?

The choice of ventilator can be made by an individual's primary physician, or the primary physician may make a referral to a pulmonologist (also known as a respiriologist) who specializes in breathing-related disorders and lung conditions, and often sleep medicine. Some physical medicine and rehabilitation physicians, known as physiatrists, and some neurologists may also specialize in breathing disorders. In some countries only a pulmonologist can prescribe a ventilator.

After careful evaluation and pulmonary function tests to assess breathing and lung function and capacity (and sometimes a sleep study), the physician recommends a type of ventilator and appropriate interfaces. Individuals who need to use ventilation only at night have different equipment requirements than those who need to use a ventilator around the clock. Sometimes an individual may not be comfortable with a specific ventilator or interface and may need to change the ventilator or interface in order to find the most comfortable and effective system.

Some ventilator users combine different methods and ventilators and alternate them, such as using mouthpiece intermittent positive pressure during the day and then a nasal mask at night.

What if something goes wrong with the ventilator?

Ventilator users and their caregivers must be prepared for equipment failure, disconnects, and power outages, especially if using 24-hour ventilation, in which case a backup ventilator is prudent. Practicing regular safety drills helps prepare for emergencies. Keeping a manual resuscitator, such as an Ambu® bag, handy at all times is strongly advised.

Where do I find information about ventilator safety and reported incidents?

The FDA maintains a database for reports of problems with medical equipment, including ventilators, that is updated quarterly. www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cdrh/cfdocs/cfMAUDE/search.cfm.

KEY:
1 = available only in USA 2 = available only outside USA 3 = available worldwide
Home ventilator manufacturers in USA

DeVilbiss/Sunrise Medical, Inc.
www.sunrisemedical.com

Impact Instrumentation, Inc.
www.impactinstrumentation.com

Newport Medical Instruments
www.ventilators.com

Porta-Lung, Inc.
www.porta-lung.com

Pulmonetic Systems, Inc.
www.pulmonetic.com

Puritan Bennett
www.puritanbennett.com

ResMed Corp.
www.resmed.com

Respironics Inc.
www.respironics.com

VersaMed, Inc.
www.versamed.net

VIASYS Healthcare
www.viasyshealthcare.com

Home ventilator manufacturers outside USA

AIROX
www.airox.fr

B & D Electromedical
www.bdemedical.fsnet.co.uk

BREAS Medical AB
www.breas.com

Dima Italia S.r.l.
www.dimaitalia.com

Draeger Medical
www.draeger-medical.com

MAP Medizin-Technologie GmbH
www.map-med.com

Officine Coppa, S.r.l.
www.coppabiella.it

ResMed Corp.
www.resmed.com

Taema
www.taema.com

Weinmann
www.weinmann.de